By addressing student

We can differentiate the

**READINESS** 

CONTENT

INTERESTS/ PASSION **PROCESS** 

LEARNING PROFILE

**PRODUCT** 

LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

## **READINESS**

#### **REFERS TO A STUDENT'S**

Knowledge, understanding and skill related to a particular sequence of learning

#### **INFLUENCED BY**

- Student's cognitive proficiency
- Prior learning
- Life experiences
- Attitudes towards school

## INTERESTS/ PASSION

#### **TOPICS**

- that evoke curiosity and passion in students
- in which students want to invest time & energy

# LEARNING PROFILE

-how a student learns best -

#### PREFERENCES FOR LEARNING ARE SHAPED BY

- Intelligence preferences (MIs Gardner)
- Culture
- Gender
- Learning Style
- Grouping Preference
- Environmental Preferences

## CONTENT

#### REFERS TO WHAT STUDENTS NEED TO LEARN

- major concepts, principles and skills that are taught
- all learners have access to the same content
- teachers adjust level of complexity via diverse instructional processes to teach the content

i.e. complexity of vocabulary, literature aligned to reading levels, engaging student interest, real world application, etc.

## **PROCESS**

### THE WAYS IN WHICH THE CONTENT IS TAUGHT

- the activities that help students understand and eventually own the concepts and skills being taught
- FLEXIBLE GROUPING learners are sometimes grouped by readiness levels, sometimes by interests and sometimes by learning profiles

i.e. tools to access material - primary/secondary resources, videos, webbased activities, manipulatives, graphic organizers

## **PRODUCT**

## ALLOW STUDENTS TO DEMONSTRATE WHETHER THEY HAVE LEARNED THE KEY CONCEPTS AND SKILLS OF A UNIT and TO APPLY THE LEARNING TO SOLVE PROBLEMS/TAKE ACTION

- students given choices of products student self-selects; uses product to demonstrate mastery
- products related to real problems, concerns, and audiences
- products synthesize rather than summarize information

i.e. the performance task, the instructional activity, the task, etc.

# LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

Review classroom routines, space and pace in order to provide students with the best conditions for learning

- provide choice in materials, assignments, pacing and grouping
- consider what materials will be available for student use
- plan procedures for accessing materials
- explain the procedures when working in small groups, whole group or individually
- assist students with ways to keep track of assignments
- role-play what students should do when they need help and/or when the teacher is working with a small group
- explain the choices student can make about where and how they work
- consider how to manage flexible pacing
- teach students to keep track of their goals and accomplishments
- provide meaningful and engaging "anchor activities" work that students can do if they finish before other students